STUDENT ID NO									
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# MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

# FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2017/2018

# EET1156 – BASIC ELECTRICAL TECHNOLOGY (ME)

6 MARCH 2018 2.30 p.m. – 4.30 p.m. (2 Hours)

## INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

- 1. This exam paper consists of only six printed pages, including this cover page.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- 3. Write all your answers in the answer booklet provided.

a) Solve for all the mesh currents for the circuit shown in Figure Q1.1

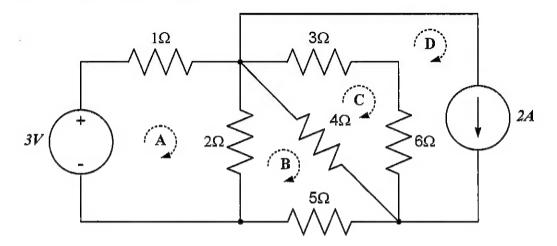
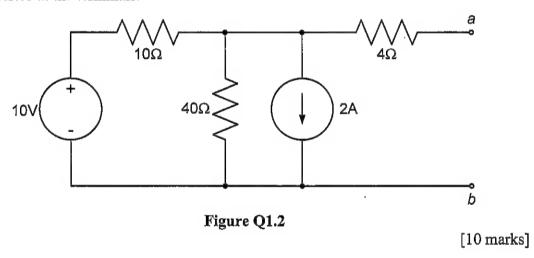


Figure Q1.1

[10 marks]

b) Determine the Thevenin's equivalent circuit to the terminals a-b for the circuit shown in Figure Q1.2. Then calculate the power dissipated by a  $4\Omega$ -load if it is inserted at the terminals.



2/6

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FI/OTH/PSY

- a) A capacitor is made of 2 parallel metal plates separated by sheets of mica having a thickness of 0.3 mm and a relative permittivity of 6. If the area of each plate is 500 cm<sup>2</sup> and 500 V is maintained across the terminals of capacitor, determine:
  - (i) Capacitance
  - (ii) Charge
  - (iii) Electric field strength
  - (iv) Electric flux density

(2 + 2 + 2 + 2 marks)

b) Why is there a need to insert dielectric material between the two plates of a capacitor?

(2 marks)

c) Figure Q2 shows a rectangular magnetic core with an air-gap which the flux density of air gap,  $B_g = 1.2$  T. Given N = 400 turns and  $\mu_r$  (iron) = 4000 and  $\mu_o = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$ . The fringing effect is negligible. Find the exciting current of the core.

(10 marks)

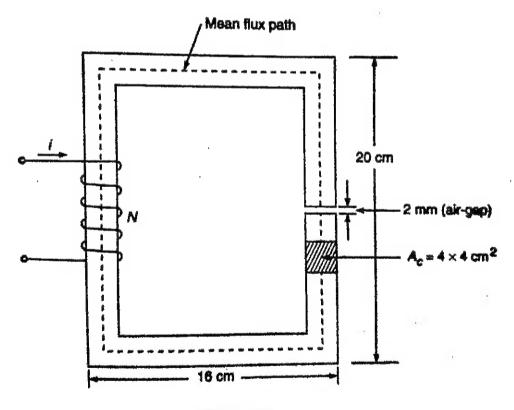
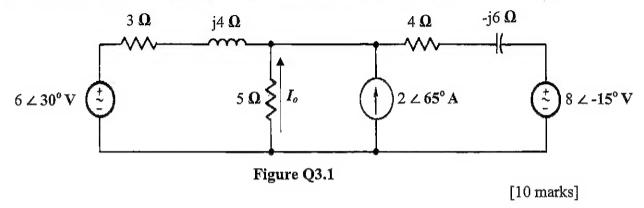


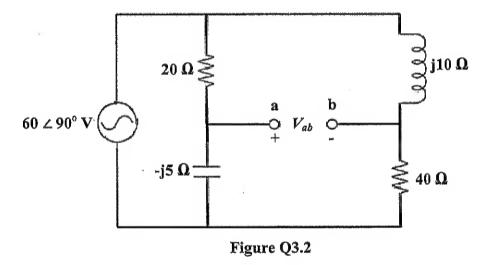
Figure Q2

Continued...

a) Given the circuit in Figure Q3.1, determine  $I_o$  using mesh analysis



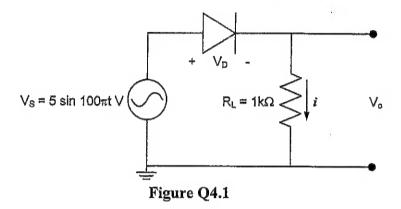
b) In the circuit of Figure Q3.2, calculate the overall impedance and  $V_{ab}$ .



[10 marks]

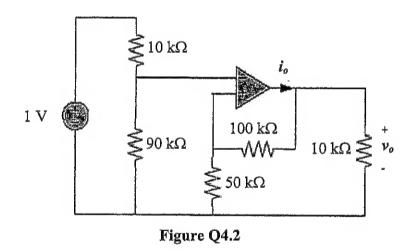
Continued...

- a) Given the circuit in Figure Q4.1, with assumption that the diode is ideal, determine:
  - i) The waveform illustration of input and output
  - ii) The current, i, flowing through the load  $R_L$
  - iii) The RMS load voltage,  $V_{o(rms)}$  and the RMS load current  $I_{o(rms)}$
  - iv) The average power through the load resistor,  $P_{o(DC)}$  and the power absorbed by the load  $P_{o(trms)}$
  - v) The frequency and period of the output voltage, fo and To



[2+2+2+2+2 marks]

b) Given the circuit in Figure Q4.2, calculate the  $v_o$  and  $i_o$ .



[7 marks]

Continued...

- c) Given the common-emitter BJT circuit in Figure Q4.3 with the following parameters:  $V_{BB} = 4 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_B = 220 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_C = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{BE} = 0.7 \text{ V}$  and  $\beta = 200$ . Calculate:
  - i) The base, collector and emitter current  $(I_B, I_C \text{ and } I_E)$
  - ii) The  $V_{CE}$

[6+2 marks]

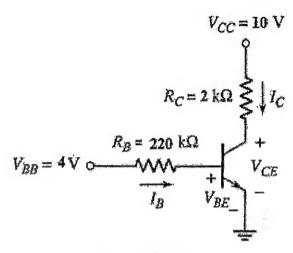
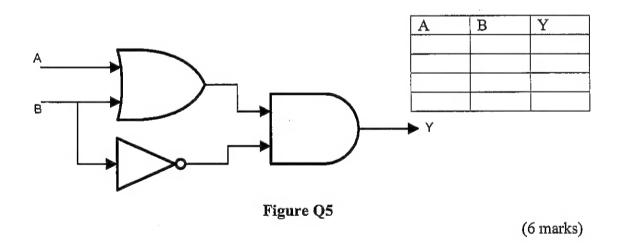


Figure Q4.3

## Question 5

a) Obtain the expression of the logic circuit in Figure Q5 and complete the truth table.



b) Simplify the logic expression below using Karnaugh-map

$$Y = \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}B\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A$$

**End of Paper**